

# Peach Leaf Curl and Peach Borers

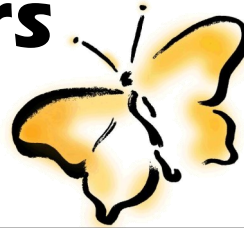
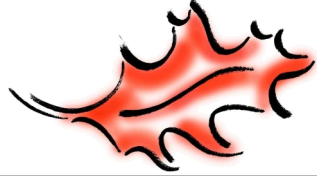
# Campbell's

CULTIVATING IDEAS

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A fungus disease which occurs generally following cool, rainy weather in the spring. Unfolding leaves may become severely, curled, blistered, swollen, pale green, yellow, reddish or purplish, and leathery. Affected leaves commonly wither and fall with second crop of leaves forming later. Severe attacks weaken trees and greatly reduce fruiting. Peach fruits may be irregular and knobby with dark colored, warty spots.

## **CONTROL**

Use lime sulphur at the rate of 5 Tablespoons per gallon of water.

Dormant spraying with lime sulphur on peach trees is very important and should be done before leaf buds begin to swell.

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## **PEACH LEAF BORERS**

Peach tree borers feed in the cambium layer of trunks at, or just below, the soil surface. They attack peaches, cherries, plums, and apricots.

Prevent infestations by spraying trunks of trees at soil line with Lindane or Dursban. Apply in early July, about July 25th and August 15th.

Paradichlorobenzene crystals (crushed moth balls) applied in a ring around the tree, one (1) inch from the trunk and covered with soil, will kill borers in the trunk. Apply these crystals the last week of September and remove three (3) weeks later to prevent injury to the tree. Use one (1) Tablespoon for trees on (1) to three (3) years old. Two (2) Tablespoons for trees four (4) to five (5) years old. Three (3) Tablespoons on trees six (6) years old, or older.

